This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document “Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice” (Feb 2016).

SAFETY DATA SHEET
Mortein Fast Knockdown Fly & Mosquito Killer Aerosol

1. Identification of the material and supplier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Names</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product name</td>
<td>Mortein Fast Knockdown Fly &amp; Mosquito Killer Aerosol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS no. :</td>
<td>D0067111 v6.0L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formulation # :</td>
<td>0102283_3 Lemon, 0102285_3 Pine, 0102281_3 Odourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier :</td>
<td>AUSTRALIA: RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ABN: 58 629 549 506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>680 George St, Sydney, NSW 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NEW ZEALAND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Company number: 7097753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Auckland, New Zealand 0622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tel: +64 9 484 1400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison Information contact:</td>
<td>Australia - 13 11 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material uses</td>
<td>Household insecticide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product use</td>
<td>Consumer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 |
| | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| HSNO Classification | 2.1.2A, 9.1A (all), 9.4C |

GHS label elements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signal word</td>
<td>DANGER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard statements</td>
<td>Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Precautionary statements

| General | | |
|---------|---|
| Prevention | Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. |

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Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Storage**: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal**: Not applicable.

**Supplemental label elements**: Not applicable.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**: None known.

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>% (w/w)</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane propane</td>
<td>≥10 - ≤30</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≤10</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esbiothrin</td>
<td>0.11</td>
<td>84030-86-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Supplier's information: Product Contains less than 0.1% w/w 1, 3 Butadiene

Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation**: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

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Section 4. First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Notes to physician**

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**

No specific treatment.

**Skin contact**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

- irritation
- redness

**Ingestion**

: No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Hazchem code**

2YE

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid
Sections 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C
## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Australia

#### Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 12/2014).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PEAK: 7200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PEAK: 4000 ppm 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### New Zealand

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>NZ OSH (New Zealand, 12/2010).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffins (petroleum), normal C5-20</td>
<td>NZ OSH (New Zealand, 9/2010).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WES-TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WES-STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>NZ OSH (New Zealand, 9/2010).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WES-TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

**Hand protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state**: Liquid. [Liquefied compressed gas. Aerosol.]

**Colour**: Colourless.

**Odour**: Characteristic.

**Odour threshold**: Not available.

**pH**: Not available.

**Melting point**: Not available.

**Boiling point**: 10.1°C (50.2°F)

**Flash point**: Open cup: -60°C (-76°F) [Butane]

**Evaporation rate**: Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Not available.

**Vapour pressure**: 240 kPa (1800.15 mm Hg) [20°C] Butane

**Vapour density**: Not available.

**Relative density**: Not available.

**Solubility**: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

**Solubility in water**: Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

**Viscosity**: Not available.

**Flow time (ISO 2431)**: Not available.

**Type of aerosol**: Spray

**Heat of combustion**: 18.22 kJ/g

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapour</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>658000 mg/m³</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion : Not classified. Harmful information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Skin : Irritating to skin. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Eyes : Non-irritating to the eyes. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Respiratory Sensitisation : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin : Non-sensitiser. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Respiratory Mutagenicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin : Non-sensitiser. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Carcinogenicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure
Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact
Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing

Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness

Ingestion
No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects
Not available.

Potential delayed effects
Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects
Not available.

Potential delayed effects
Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity
Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Information is based on toxicity test result of a similar product.

Persistence and degradability
Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP_{ow}</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>2.89</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>propane</td>
<td>1.09</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Classes</th>
<th>PG*</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADG</td>
<td>UN1950</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>Hazchem code 2YE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>UN1950</td>
<td>AEROSOLS. Marine pollutant (esbiothrin)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 959, 344</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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### 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IATA</th>
<th>UN1950</th>
<th>Aerosols, flammable</th>
<th>2.1</th>
<th>-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

- **Passenger and Cargo Aircraft**
  - Quantity limitation: 75 kg
  - Packaging instructions: 203

- **Cargo Aircraft Only**
  - Quantity limitation: 150 kg
  - Packaging instructions: 203

- **Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft**
  - Quantity limitation: 30 kg
  - Packaging instructions: Y203

**Special provisions**
- A145, A167

**Special precautions for user**: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

- **Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons**
  - Australia: Not scheduled

- **Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances**
  - No listed substance

- **Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not applicable.
- **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not applicable.
- **HSNO Approval Number**: HSR007755
- **Approved Handler Requirement**: Yes.
- **Tracking Requirement**: No.

- **Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA)**:
  - 60746 - Lemon
  - 60747 - Pine
  - 60745 - Odourless

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

**Date of issue**: 15/12/2016
Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
UN = United Nations

Date of issue / Date of revision: 15/12/2016
Revision comments: Update as per AUS GHS SDS
Version: 6.0L

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References: Not available.

펴 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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